

SEB P&L COVID-19 Job Aid

Effective Feb. 2, 2022, the guidance and documentation requirements below for self-employed borrowers have expired unless the most recent tax return is older than 2020. This job aid is not a substitute for guidelines. Refer to Agency/investor guidance for more information. Guidelines are subject to change. Qualifying income must be determined to be stable and supported by documentation.

Borrower's Name	Business Name

Additional Documentation Requirements

An unaudited year-to-date Profit and Loss Statement signed by the borrower reporting business revenue (for example, gross receipts or sales), expenses and net income up to and including the most recent month preceding the loan application date and dated no more than 60 calendar days prior to the Note date.

AND

Three months' business depository account(s) statements no older than the latest three months presented by the unaudited year-to-date Profit and Loss Statement.

OR

An audited year-to-date Profit and Loss Statement reporting business revenue (for example, gross receipts or sales), expenses and net income up to and including the most recent month preceding the loan application date and no more than 60 days prior to the Note date.

Supplemental Documentation (as deemed applicable)

YES NO

Month-to-month income trending analysis.

Additional months' business depository account(s) statements.

Current balance sheet.

Other additional documentation (describe): List and describe on Page 2, Part VIII.

Analysis of Year-to-Date Profit and Loss Statement

For the calculations to properly function, you must enter the Ownership % and Number of Months covered by the Profit and Loss Statement (below) before entering other data.

Revenue (gross receipts or sales)		\$
Expenses (including costs of goods sold)		\$
Net Income		\$
Allowable Add Backs to Net Income		
Depreciation	+	\$
Depletion	+	\$
Amortization	+	\$
One-Time Expense (describe and document): List on Page 2, Part VIII.	+	\$ \$
Casualty Loss	+	\$
Business Use of Home	+	\$
Year-to-Date Taxes Paid (unless business is a Corporation [1120])	+	\$
Other Allowable Add Backs to Income (describe):	+	\$
Total Add Backs	=	\$
Required Deductions from Net Income		
Non-Recurring Income (including pass-through income): List on Page 2, Part VIII.	-	\$
Meals Exclusion	-	\$
Other Required Deductions to Income (describe):	-	\$ \$
Total Deductions	=	\$
Business Subtotal (Net Income, Add Backs, Deductions)	=	\$
Ownership %		
Borrower YTD Adjusted Gross	=	\$
Number of Months covered by Profit		
and Loss Statement Average Monthly Borrower Income Determined by YTD P&L	=	\$

	Tront and Loss Revenue vs. Business Ac	count(3) Deposits
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Average Monthly Business Account(s) Deposits: Average **Monthly** Profit and Loss Statement Revenue: (Total Profit and Loss Revenue ÷ Number of Months of Revenue) (Total Business Account(s) Deposits \div Number of Months of Statements)

\$

Is the Revenue on the Profit and Loss Statement supported by the Average Monthly Business Account(s) Deposits?

If NO, do you have other documentation to support that the income is stable?



V. Reconciliation	
Complete this section and proceed ONLY if you've determined the business income to be STABLE.	
a. Average Monthly Borrower Income (Determined \$	
 b. Monthly Salary (If applicable – must be an expense on the Year-to-Date Profit and Loss Statement AND be documented as received [for example, year-to-date paystub]). 	
c. Manual Adjustments (If applicable) \$	
Stable Monthly Year-to-Date Income (Total of above a. through c. and Supported by Business Account(s) Deposits and/or other documentation). = This amount is totaled for you based on you entries directly above. Entries must be supp	
Explain how you determined that the income is stable: Explain and describe below, Part VIII.	
VI Toy Debugg Analysis vs Bushib and Less Deposits Analysis	
VI. Tax Return Analysis vs. Profit and Loss/Deposits Analysis Monthly Income Determined by Tax Returns (enter the Control of the Monthly Income Determined by Year to Determined by Tax Returns (enter the Control of the Monthly Income Determined by Year to Determined by Tax Returns (enter the Control of the Monthly Income Determined by Year to Determined by Tax Returns (enter the Control of the Monthly Income Determined by Year to Determined by Tax Returns (enter the Control of the Monthly Income Determined by Year to Determined by Tax Returns (enter the Control of the C	to Drafit
Monthly Income Determined by Tax Returns (enter the amount determined by the AMITRAC, 1084 Form, Form 91 or other Tax Return Analysis Worksheet/Calculator): Stable Monthly Income Determined by Year-to-Date and Loss Statement and Supported by Business Account of the Position of the Pos	
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VII. Stable Monthly Qualifying Income \$	
Lesser of the two amounts from Part VI.	
VIII. Descriptions, Comments and Notes Other additional documentation:	
One-time expenses:	
Non-recurring income:	
Documentation used to support that the Profit and Loss Statement average monthly revenue is stable if it is not supported by average monthly business account(s) deposits:	